

Office of ENERGY EFFICIENCY & RENEWABLE ENERGY

SOLAR ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES OFFICE

Expanding Solar Access with Community Solar

Solar Energy Technologies Office U.S. Department of Energy

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SETO + Community Solar, the Early Years





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SETO + Community Solar, More Recently



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National Community Solar Partnership (2016-17)

- National conversation with federal agencies, solar companies, nonprofits, state and community leaders, academia, and financial institutions
 - 4 working groups: finance and business models, community building, state best practices, and federal resources
- NATIONAL COMMUNITY SOLAR PARTNERSHIP

- Key takeaways:
 - Locally driven programming is needed given the patchwork of jurisdictional expertise needed to implement community solar
 - Access to capital an overarching concern, especially for projects serving low income communities
 - Market is lacking data/metrics to determine effectiveness of models
 - National community solar network facilitated knowledge transfer



Solar in Your Community Challenge (2017-19)

- <u>Goal</u>: Engage and support a wide variety of teams developing innovative and scalable business and financial models that can unlock the low- and moderate-income (LMI), nonprofit, and local government solar market
- <u>Contest</u>: Design and deploy scalable local solar projects or programs ranging between 25-5,000 kW in 18-months that serve a minimum 20% LMI or 60% non-profits and local governments
- <u>Prizes</u>:
 - Up to \$2,000,000 available in cash seed awards (34 teams)
 - Up to \$2,000,000 available in technical support and assistance (121 teams)
 - \$1,000,000 in final prizes, including \$500,000 for one Grand Prize





Solar in Your Community Challenge Outcomes

- NREL released a report, "Up to the Challenge: Communities Deploy Solar in Underserved Markets" detailing innovative models tested by SIYC teams.
- Some high level takeaways:
 - Team leads: almost even split between for-profit and nonprofit
 - Siting: municipal buildings, single-family homes, and nonprofits most common
 - Finance: variety of mechanisms were used in projects (tax incentives, PPA, loan, demand response, crowd-sourcing, RECs, etc.)
 - Technical assistance: teams needed most help with system design, financing, customer acquisition, and policy/regulatory issues
 - Innovative approaches: leveraging technology integration (e.g. demand response), partnerships (e.g. housing provider), and other (workforce training)



Best LMI Project

- <u>Grand Prize</u> (\$500,000) The CARE Project (Denver, CO)
- <u>Runner-up</u> (\$200,000) Community Solar for Community Action (Backus, MN)

Best LMI Program (\$100,000 prize)

- Kerrville Area Solar Partners (Kerrville, TX)
- Best Non-profit Project (\$100,000 prize)
- Making Energy Work for Rural Oregon (Portland, OR)

Best Non-profit Program (\$100,000 prize)

• Fellowship Energy (based in Burlingame, CA; pilots in Richmond, VA)

National Community Solar Partnership



The National Community Solar Partnership is a coalition of community solar stakeholders working to expand access to affordable community solar to every American household by 2025.



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- All Americans have a choice and sufficient education to make an informed decision about participation
- Overall energy cost burden does not increase as a result of participating in community solar
- Communities realize supplementary benefits and other value streams from community solar installations, such as increased resiliency and workforce development



Approach

- Network Infrastructure: Partners have access to an online community platform, virtual and in-person meetings, webinars and other tools to engage with U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) staff and each other.
- Technical Assistance: Partners have access to technical assistance resources from DOE, its National Laboratories, and independent third-party subject-matter experts for support on unique local challenges.
- Collaboration: Multi-stakeholder teams of partners form groups around specific goals to address common barriers to solar adoption by learning from each other and sharing resources.



- Inclusive community solar models that enable market adoption in underserved communities
- Community solar models that reduce energy bills for multifamily affordable housing dwellers and owners
- Utility partnerships around community solar models to expand solar access in their communities



Interested in Joining the Network?

Visit: energy.gov/community-solar Email: community.solar@ee.doe.gov



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Other Relevant DOE Resources

• Web Applications / Tools / Datasets

- <u>Community Solar Project List</u> is a recently published dataset of attributes of 800 projects totaling more than 1.3 GW-AC capacity
- <u>Solar For All Data Explorer</u> is a web application to help understand low and moderate income rooftop solar technical potential at the tract level, including overlays for opportunity zones and other geospatial datasets
- <u>Low-income Energy Affordability Data (LEAD) Tool</u> is a web application to help make data-driven decisions on energy goals and program planning by improving understanding of LMI household energy characteristics
- <u>Solar Savings to Investment Ratio (SIR)</u> simple comparison spreadsheet tool

Recent NREL Reports

- Expanding Community Shared Solar in New York City: Analysis of Barriers and Policy Pathways, 2019
- Design and Implementation of Community Solar Programs for Low- and Moderate-Income Customers, 2018
- Focusing the Sun: State Considerations for Designing Community Solar Policy, 2018
- White paper on Opportunity Zones, forthcoming
- New EE + Solar Resources
 - Preliminary Assessment Guide for Integrating Renewable Energy into Weatherization
 - Issue Brief: Reducing Energy Burden for Low-income Residents in Multifamily Housing with Solar Energy



Solar Energy Innovators Program

Participants conduct practical research on innovative solutions to the challenges faced by their <u>Host Institution</u> as the levels of solar energy, as well as other distributed energy resources, increase on the electrical grid.

Host Institutions can be:

- An electric public utility commission,
- An electric utility operating in the US, or
- An energy service provider operating in the US (including, but not limited to, independent system operators, balancing authorities, and retail electricity providers).

Note: The applicant to this program is the prospective Innovator. The applicant must identify a Host Institution and potential mentor and submit their commitment letter at time of application. DOE, ORAU, and ORISE do not match Applicants with Host Institutions.

Benefits:

- One-year appointment, renewable for a second year
- Competitive stipend
- Mentorship from DOE officials
- Travel allowance
- Health insurance supplement
- Relocation expenses

Applications are accepted on a rolling basis

VISIT: <u>https://www.zintellect.com/Opportunity/Details/DOE-EERE-RPP-SETO-2019-2100</u> EMAIL: DOE-RPP@orau.org energy.gov/solar-office

